

“(I) in a clinic, medical office, or hospital by means of in-person administration by the prescribing health care practitioner; and

“(II) not in pharmacies or any setting other than the health care settings described in subclause (I);

“(iv) requires the prescribing health care practitioner to give to the patient documentation on any risk of serious complications associated with use of such abortion drug and receive acknowledgment of such receipt from the patient;

“(v) requires all known adverse events associated with such abortion drug to be reported, excluding any individually identifiable patient information, to the Food and Drug Administration by the—

“(I) manufacturers of such abortion drug; and

“(II) prescribers of such abortion drug; and

“(vi) requires reporting of administration of the abortion drug as required by State law, or in the absence of a State law regarding such reporting, in the same manner as a surgical abortion.

“(3) REPORTING ON ADVERSE EVENTS BY OTHER HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS.—The Secretary shall require all other health care practitioners to report to the Food and Drug Administration any adverse events experienced by their patients that are connected to use of an abortion drug, excluding any individually identifiable patient information.

“(4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the authority of the Secretary, or of a State, to establish, implement, and enforce requirements and restrictions with respect to abortion drugs under provisions of law other than this section that are in addition to the requirements and restrictions under this section.

“(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(A) The term ‘abortion drug’ means any drug, substance, or combination of drugs or substances that is intended for use or that is in fact used (irrespective of how the product is labeled)—

“(i) to intentionally kill the unborn child of a woman known to be pregnant; or

“(ii) to intentionally terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with an intention other than—

“(I) to produce a live birth; or

“(II) to remove a dead unborn child.

“(B) The term ‘adverse event’ includes each of the following:

“(i) A fatality.

“(ii) An ectopic pregnancy.

“(iii) A hospitalization.

“(iv) A blood loss requiring a transfusion.

“(v) An infection, including endometritis, pelvic inflammatory disease, and pelvic infections with sepsis.

“(vi) A severe infection.

“(C) The term ‘gestation’ means the period of days beginning on the first day of the last menstrual period.

“(D) The term ‘health care practitioner’ means any individual who is licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted, by the United States or the jurisdiction in which the individual practices, to prescribe drugs subject to section 503(b)(1).

“(E) The term ‘unborn child’ means an individual organism of the species *homo sapiens*, beginning at fertilization, until the point of being born alive as defined in section 8(b) of title 1, United States Code.”

(b) ONGOING INVESTIGATIONAL USE.—In the case of any investigational use of a drug pursuant to an investigational use exemption under section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(i)) that was granted before the date of enactment of this Act, such exemption is deemed to be rescinded as of the day that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act if the Sec-

retary would be prohibited by section 505(z)(1)(B) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by subsection (a), from granting such exemption as of such day.

SA 4936. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3076, to provide stability to and enhance the services of the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 55, strike line 5 and all that follows through “shall occur at least” on line 11 and insert the following:

SEC. 202. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS ON POSTAL SERVICE WEBSITE.

(a) SERVICE CONTRACT DEFINED.—For the purposes of this section, the term “service contract” means a contract between the Postal Service and a private business entity under which the Postal Service provides delivery services for the delivery of the competitive products of the private business entity.

(b) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE.—For any service contract, the Postal Service shall disclose to the public on the website of the Postal Service the service contract provisions, including—

(1) the rate to be paid for delivery services; and

(2) the main terms of the contract.

(c) EXCEPTION.—The disclosures required under subsection (b) shall not be construed to require the Postal Service to disclose to the public any information—

(1) described in section 410(c) of title 39, United States Code; or

(2) exempt from public disclosure under section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 203. INTEGRATED DELIVERY NETWORK.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(b) of title 39, United States Code, is amended by inserting before “The Postal Service” the following: “The Postal Service shall deliver market-dominant and competitive products (as defined in chapter 36 of this title) at least

SA 4937. Mr. LEE (for himself and Mr. COTTON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3076, to provide stability to and enhance the services of the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 210. PROHIBITION ON MAILING ABORTION-INDUCING DRUGS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3001 of title 39, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(p) ABORTION-INDUCING DRUGS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—An abortion-inducing drug is nonmailable.

“(2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘abortion-inducing drug’ means any drug, substance, or combination of drugs or substances that is intended for use or that is in fact used (irrespective of how the product is labeled)—

“(A) to intentionally kill the unborn child of a woman known to be pregnant; or

“(B) to intentionally terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with an intention other than—

“(i) to produce a live birth; or

“(ii) to remove a dead unborn child.”

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not be construed to limit or otherwise affect any other provision of Federal, State, or local

law that is in addition to, or in furtherance of, the requirements and restrictions under that amendment.

SA 4938. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3076, to provide stability to and enhance the services of the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 210. STUDY AND REPORT ON LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE OBLIGATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Postal Service, in consultation with the Commission and the Comptroller General of the United States, shall study and submit to Congress a report on the long-term sustainability of the universal service obligation (referred to in this section as the “USO”) of the Postal Service.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An analysis of how the Postal Service and the Commission each interpret the legal definition and scope of the USO, including—

(A) any legal ambiguities regarding the scope of the USO; and

(B) any discrepancies between the interpretations of the Postal Service and the Commission.

(2) An analysis of how the legal definition of the USO impacts the ability of the Postal Service to achieve a financially sustainable business model.

(3) Recommendations on proposed changes or clarifications to the USO in order to achieve a financially sustainable business model, including recommendations on—

(A) the types of products that should minimally be covered by the USO and the types of products that should not be covered;

(B) the form or forms of delivery that should be required under the USO;

(C) the appropriate standard for access to postal services under the USO; and

(D) the proposed geographic scope of the USO.

SA 4939. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3076, to provide stability to and enhance the services of the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 210. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS ON POSTAL SERVICE WEBSITE.

(a) SERVICE CONTRACT DEFINED.—For the purposes of this section, the term “service contract” means a contract between the Postal Service and a private business entity under which the Postal Service provides delivery services for the delivery of the competitive products of the private business entity.

(b) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE.—For any service contract, the Postal Service shall disclose to the public on the website of the Postal Service the service contract provisions, including—

(1) the rate to be paid for delivery services; and

(2) the main terms of the contract.

(c) EXCEPTION.—The disclosures required under subsection (b) shall not be construed to require the Postal Service to disclose to the public any information—

(1) described in section 410(c) of title 39, United States Code; or

(2) exempt from public disclosure under section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.